

Dynamics of Systems of  $N$  particles-

Theorems: ①  $\underline{r}_{cm} \equiv \frac{\sum_i m_i \underline{r}_i}{m}$        $\underline{P} \equiv \sum_i \underline{p}_i$

then  $\underline{P} = m \underline{v}_{cm}$   
Equation of motion of CM:  $\left( \begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^n \underline{F}_i + \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n \underline{F}_{ij} &= \sum_{i=1}^n \underline{p}_i \\ \Rightarrow \sum_i \underline{F}_i &= \dot{\underline{P}} = m \dot{\underline{v}}_{cm} = m \underline{a}_{cm} \end{aligned} \right)$   
 $\sum_i \underline{F}_i = \dot{\underline{P}} = m \underline{a}_{cm}$ , where  $\underline{F}_i$  is the external force on  $i$

② (first form of)  $\underline{L} \equiv \sum_{i=1}^n (\underline{r}_i \times m_i \underline{v}_i)$ ,  $\underline{N} \equiv \sum_{i=1}^n \underline{r}_i \times \underline{F}_i$  (external force)

torque equation)  $\left( \begin{aligned} \frac{d\underline{L}}{dt} \Big|_{\text{fixed}} &= \sum_{i=1}^n (\underline{r}_i \times m_i \underline{a}_i) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \underline{r}_i \times (\underline{F}_i + \sum_{j=1}^n \underline{F}_{ij}) \end{aligned} \right)$

$= \sum_{i=1}^n \underline{r}_i \times \underline{F}_i + \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \underline{r}_i \times \underline{F}_{ij}$        $(\underline{r}_i \times \underline{F}_{ij} + \underline{r}_j \times \underline{F}_{ji}) =$

$= \sum_{i=1}^n \underline{r}_i \times \underline{F}_i = \underline{N}$

Hence,  $\left( \frac{d\underline{L}}{dt} \right)_{\text{fixed}} = \underline{N}$

③  $T \equiv \sum_i \frac{1}{2} m_i v_i^2$

$\therefore T = \sum_i \frac{1}{2} m_i (\underline{v}_i \cdot \underline{v}_i)$

$= \sum_i \frac{1}{2} m_i (\underline{v}_{cm} + \underline{v}_i) \cdot (\underline{v}_{cm} + \underline{v}_i)$

$= \frac{1}{2} m v_{cm}^2 + \sum_i \frac{1}{2} m_i v_i^2 + \underline{v}_{cm} \cdot \sum_i m_i \underline{v}_i$        $(\sum_i m_i \underline{v}_i = 0)$

$= \frac{1}{2} m v_{cm}^2 + \sum_i \frac{1}{2} m_i v_i^2$

Hence,  $T = \frac{1}{2} m v_{cm}^2 + \sum_i \frac{1}{2} m_i v_i^2$

④  $\underline{r}_i = \underline{r}_{cm} + \underline{r}_i$ ,  $\underline{v}_i = \underline{v}_{cm} + \underline{v}_i$

$\therefore \underline{L} = \sum_i (\underline{r}_{cm} + \underline{r}_i) \times m_i (\underline{v}_{cm} + \underline{v}_i)$

$= \underline{r}_{cm} \times m \underline{v}_{cm} + \underline{r}_{cm} \times \sum_i m_i \underline{v}_i + (\sum_i m_i \underline{r}_i) \times \underline{v}_{cm} + \sum_i (\underline{r}_i \times m_i \underline{v}_i)$

$= \underline{r}_{cm} \times m \underline{v}_{cm} + \sum_i (\underline{r}_i \times m_i \underline{v}_i)$

Hence,  $\underline{L} = \underline{r}_{cm} \times m \underline{v}_{cm} + \sum_i (\underline{r}_i \times m_i \underline{v}_i)$

$= \underline{r}_{cm} \times m \underline{v}_{cm} + \underline{L}$        $(\underline{L} \equiv \sum_i \underline{r}_i \times m_i \underline{v}_i)$

note = (second form of torque equation)

$$\therefore \left( \frac{d\bar{L}}{dt} \right)_{\text{fixed}} = \bar{N}, \quad \bar{L} = \underline{r}_{cm} \times m\underline{v}_{cm} + \bar{L} \quad (\bar{L} \equiv \sum_i \underline{r}_i \times m\underline{v}_i)$$

$$\therefore \underline{\dot{v}}_{cm} \times m\underline{v}_{cm} + \underline{r}_{cm} \times m\underline{a}_{cm} + \left( \frac{d\bar{L}}{dt} \right)_{\text{fixed}} = \bar{N}$$

$$\therefore \underline{r}_{cm} \times \left( \sum_i \underline{F}_i \right) + \left( \frac{d\bar{L}}{dt} \right)_{\text{fixed}} = \sum_i \underline{r}_i \times \underline{F}_i$$

$$\therefore \left( \frac{d\bar{L}}{dt} \right)_{\text{fixed}} = \sum_i (\underline{r}_i - \underline{r}_{cm}) \times \underline{F}_i = \sum_i \underline{r}_i \times \underline{F}_i$$

Hence,  
or  $\left( \frac{d\bar{L}}{dt} \right)_{\text{fixed}} = \bar{N} \quad (\bar{N} \equiv \sum_i \underline{r}_i \times \underline{F}_i) \quad \text{(external)}$